## **ENTITY SELF-CERTIFICATION**



Under New Zealand law, ANZ must collect a self-certification from you about your tax residency status. ANZ must provide your information (even if you refuse to give information or a declaration) to Inland Revenue, who may share that information with overseas tax authorities under international agreements.

You must complete this self-certification form and return it to ANZ if you are an entity with an ANZ account. Where two or more entities jointly hold an ANZ account, each entity must complete a separate self-certification form.

If you are unsure how to complete this form or do not understand the consequences of not providing the correct information, please seek advice from a tax professional, lawyer, or other adviser before you complete this form. For more information about why you need to complete this form, see www.anz.com/aeoi or www.ird.govt.nz/infoshare.

Registered office address, your principal place of business or other physical address. (Do not provide a PO Box or in-care-of address)								
Address								
City/town	Province/state							
Postal code/zip code	Country							
5								
To complete the questions in this section, you'll need to identify what type of entity you are for tax purposes. Select one option below:								
C. What type of other Non-Financial Entity (NFE) are you?								
Active NFE: Complete sections 4 and 6								
In the last financial year or other appropriate reporting period,								
the entity:								
<ul> <li>Derived less than 50% of its gross income from passive sources; AND</li> <li>Held less than 50% of assets that produced or were held for production of passive income.</li> </ul>								
Holding / treasury compa	ny							
Start-up company								
☐ Tax exempt non-profit								
Passive NFE:								
Complete sections 4, 5 and 6	r that is not an active NFE.							
E A FINANCIAL INSTITU	TION)							
tus for FATCA purposes and whe	re applicable provide the GIIN.							
GIIN Provided								
Reporting Model 1 FFI								
	oliant EEI							
Participating FFI	טוומו וג דרו							
Trustee Documented Trust								
Sponsored FFI								
The entity GIIN is								
	Address  City/town  Postal code/zip code  C. What type of other Non- Active NFE: Complete sections 4  Active NFE (by income ar In the last financial year or the entity:  Derived less than 50% of Held less than 50% of a production of passive ir Holding / treasury compa Start-up company In liquidation or bankrupt Tax exempt non-profit  Passive NFE: A Passive NFE is any entity Complete sections 4, 5 and 6  A FINANCIAL INSTITU  tus for FATCA purposes and whee  GIIN Provided Reporting Model 1 FFI Registered Deemed Comp Participating FFI Trustee Documented Trus							

or GIIN has been applied for and will be provided

# **ENTITY SELF-CERTIFICATION**

SECTION 4. ENTITY ACCOUNT	NT HOLDER TAX RESIDENCE	(S)						
Please select one option below:  The entity is only tax resident in Nev	v Zealand							
The entity is Fiscally Transparent and	has no residency for tax purposes.							
	r jurisdiction where its principal/registe more countries other than New Zealan							
The entity is a tax resident of one of								
	Country of tax residence 1	Country of tax residence 2	Country of tax residence 3					
List all countries of tax residence (other than New Zealand)								
List Tax Identification Number (TIN) (or country equivalent)								
OR Reason if TIN is not provided	A – Country doesn't issue TIN B – Country doesn't require TIN collection C – Applied for TIN, and will provide soon Z – Cannot obtain TIN (explain below)	A – Country doesn't issue TIN B – Country doesn't require TIN collection C – Applied for TIN, and will provide soon Z – Cannot obtain TIN (explain below)	A – Country doesn't issue TIN B – Country doesn't require TIN collection C – Applied for TIN, and will provide soon Z – Cannot obtain TIN (explain below)					
<b>AND</b> If Reason Z, explanation for not being able to obtain TIN								
If the entity is a tax resident in the United States of America and has an exemption from FATCA Reporting code (refer to IRS form W-9), please provide it here.								
SECTION 5. CONTROLLING F	PERSON(S) TAX RESIDENCE							
Please provide the tax residency inform need to provide details for more contro Self-Certification form.		ng beneficiaries where applicable. We've Residency and Foreign Tax Information, <i>I</i>						
Controlling Person								
First name(s)		Residential address (do not provide a	PO Box or in-care-of address)					
Surname								
Date of birth D D M M Y Y Y Y		City/town	Province/state					
Succ of Silver		Postal code/zip code	Country					
<ul> <li>This controlling person is only tax resident in New Zealand OR</li> <li>I have included below all countries in which the controlling person is tax resident (other than New Zealand)</li> </ul>								
	Country of tax residence 1	Country of tax residence 2	Country of tax residence 3					
List all countries of tax residence (other than New Zealand)								
List Tax Identification Number (TIN) (or country equivalent)								
<b>OR</b> Reason if TIN is not provided	A – Country doesn't issue TIN B – Country doesn't require TIN collection C – Applied for TIN, and will provide soon Z – Cannot obtain TIN (explain below)	A – Country doesn't issue TIN B – Country doesn't require TIN collection C – Applied for TIN, and will provide soon Z – Cannot obtain TIN (explain below)	A – Country doesn't issue TIN B – Country doesn't require TIN collection C – Applied for TIN, and will provide soon Z – Cannot obtain TIN (explain below)					
<b>AND</b> If Reason Z, explanation for not being able to obtain TIN								

# **ENTITY SELF-CERTIFICATION**

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SECTION 5. CONTROLLING F Controlling Person (if applicable)	PERSONS TAX RESIDENCE (C	contil	nuea)				
First name(s)			Residential address (do not provide a PO Box or in-care-of address)				
Surname			nesidential address (do not provide a	PO BOX OF II	i-care-or address)		
	V V V		City/town Province/state				
Date of birth D D M M Y Y Y Y			Postal code/zip code Countr		1 TOVITICE/ State		
<ul> <li>This controlling person is only tax resident in New Zealand OR</li> <li>I have included below all countries in which the controlling person is tax resident (other than New Zealand)</li> </ul>							
	Country of tax residence 1		Country of tax residence 2	Co	untry of tax residence 3		
<b>List all countries of tax residence</b> (other than New Zealand)							
List Tax Identification Number (TIN) (or country equivalent)							
<b>OR</b> Reason if TIN is not provided	A – Country doesn't issue TIN B – Country doesn't require TIN collection C – Applied for TIN, and will provide soon Z – Cannot obtain TIN (explain below)	_	A – Country doesn't issue TIN B – Country doesn't require TIN collection C – Applied for TIN, and will provide soon Z – Cannot obtain TIN (explain below)	B - C	ountry doesn't issue TIN ountry doesn't require TIN collection pplied for TIN, and will provide soon annot obtain TIN (explain below)		
<b>AND</b> If Reason Z, explanation for not being able to obtain TIN							
SECTION 6: ENTITY ACCOUNT HOLDER DECLARATION AND SIGNATURE  I/We have the authority to provide the information in this self-certification form, which is true and complete. I/We understand that not giving information or giving false information could be serious under New Zealand law.  I/We understand ANZ may need extra information about the information above and the tax residency of the entity or any person listed in this form, and will provide any extra information ANZ requests.							
I/We will also contact ANZ as soon as possible if any information given changes.							
Signature			Signature				
Name (Please print first and last name)			Name (Please print first and last name)				
Date D D M M 2 0 Y Y							
You may be required to provide documentary evidence of your authority to sign for this information.							
We take your privacy seriously and understand the need to keep your information confidential and secure. You can access or correct information we have about you – we may charge you a fee for access. We can also collect, use, and disclose information about you. We do this, among other things, to manage accounts, products, or services we offer or to comply with laws. Talk to us if you need more information about our full rights to collect, use, and disclose information about you.							

### **ENTITY SELF-CERTIFICATION**

#### GLOSSARY OF TERMS WE USE IN THIS FORM:

This information is a general summary of key terms only, given to help you understand different classification types in the self-certification form. The information is not tax advice; if you're unsure how to classify your entity, please talk to your tax adviser, lawyer, or other tax specialist. You can also find explanations of terms at www.ird.govt.nz/international/exchange.

#### General terms to know

Common Reporting Standard (CRS): A set of rules developed by the OECD on how countries taking part in the automatic exchange of financial account information (AEOI) collect, report, and share financial account information. Under New Zealand law, financial institutions must collect tax residency information about any people or entities that are tax resident of countries other than New Zealand and report it to Inland Revenue.

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA): Under an agreement between New Zealand and the United States, and under New Zealand law, financial institutions (Fls) collect tax residency information about United States citizens and tax residents. Fls report the information to Inland Revenue, who may share it with the United States Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

**IGA:** An intergovernmental agreement or agreement between two or more countries.

**GIIN:** The Global Intermediary Identification Number is a 19-character number, issued by the US Internal Revenue Service to uniquely identify an entity registered with the IRS for FATCA.

**TIN:** A tax identification number or equivalent given to individuals or entities by a tax authority.

**Country of Tax Residence:** The country or jurisdiction in which an individual or entity must pay tax under the laws of that country or jurisdiction.

### Terms in Section 2

**Exempt Entities:** Exempt, or excepted entity is not required to provide tax residency and foreign tax information under the FATCA or CRS regimes.

Wholly owned entities include branches and wholly owned subsidiaries of the specified exempt entity type.

**Central bank:** Provides financial and banking services to a country's government.

**Government entity:** part of or owned or controlled by a country's government.

**International organisation:** a governmental (IGO) or non-governmental (NGO) entity, set up and governed under international law.

**Publicly-traded NFE:** A non-financial entity (NFE) that has securities freely traded on a stock exchange or other securities market. (See **Active and Passive NFEs** below for more information).

**Related Entity:** An entity is related to another entity if either entity controls the other, or the two entities are under common control. Control means more than 50% of the vote and value in an entity.

**Financial Institution (FI):** Holds or invests cash and financial assets for others, and sometimes for themselves.

- Includes managed investment entities, depository institutions, custodial institutions, specified insurance companies, and other investment entities.
- Under FATCA, non-US FIs are called 'Foreign Financial Institutions' (FFIs).
- Entities can also be FIs if they're managed or controlled by another FI
  that has responsibility and power to make and carry out investment
  decisions for them e.g. a trust may be a FI, if a trustee is a FI and that
  trustee invests or manages the trust's property without needing prior
  approval from other trustees.

**Managed Investment Entity (MIE):** Looks after the pooled funds of many investors.

**Investment Entity:** Trades, invests, administers or manages financial assets on behalf of its customers.

**Depository Institution:** Accepts monetary deposits in the ordinary course of banking or similar business.

**Custodial Institution:** Holds customers' securities, physically or electronically, for safekeeping and isn't engaged in traditional banking.

**Specified Insurance Company:** An insurance company, or its holding company, that issues or must pay under a cash value insurance contract or an annuity contract.

**Non-Financial Entity (NFE):** An entity that doesn't fall into one of the types of financial institutions (Fls). Under FATCA, non-US NFEs are called non-financial foreign entities (NFFE). A NFE will be Active or Passive.

Active NFE: A NFE that, in the last financial year, had less than 50% of assets held to produce passive income, and less than 50% of its gross income came from passive income. Specific types of Active NFEs include holding/treasury companies, start-up companies, entities in liquidation and bankruptcy, tax-exempt non-profit organisations, and other active NFEs.

**Passive NFE:** A NFE that is not an Active NFE. A NFE that, in the last financial year, had 50% or more of assets held to produce passive income, or 50% or more of its gross income came from passive income.

**Passive Income:** Income that includes interest, dividends, coupons, rent, or royalties that does not come from active participation in a business.

**Holding / treasury company:** A NFE whose primary business is to own shares in another company. Or the NFE enters investment, hedging, and financial transactions for members of its expanded affiliated group to manage price, currency, or interest rate risks for that group.

**Start-up company:** An NFE that is a new business that has been running for at least 24 months from first organisation. Or an NFE that is running a new line of business that has been running that new line of business for at least 24 months from board approval of the new line of business; where the entity must have qualified as an active NFE for the 24 months before the board approval. Excludes investment funds, private equity funds, or venture capital funds.

**Entity in liquidation or bankruptcy:** A NFE in liquidation or bankruptcy or a similar arrangement that hasn't engaged in business as a FI or passive NFE in the past five years.

Tax exempt non-profit organisations: A NFE exempt from income tax and run only for religious, charitable, scientific, artistic, cultural, athletic, or educational purposes. The entity must not have any shareholders with a proprietary or beneficial interest.

**Other Active NFE:** Any other Active NFE that is not publicly traded and isn't a central bank, government, international entity, or wholly owned by one.

# Terms in Section 3

**Retirement / Super Fund:** Funds that meet FATCA exemptions and is set up to provide pension, retirement, disability, or death benefits to investors.

**Non-Reporting IGA FFI:** An FFI located or set up in a Model 1 or Model 2 IGA jurisdiction, which is treated as a non-reporting FI under Annex II of the Model 1 IGA or Model 2 IGA.

**Non-Participating FFI:** An FFI that hasn't entered an agreement with the IRS, isn't deemed compliant, or isn't exempt.

 $\mbox{\bf United States FI:}$  An FI incorporated or organised under the laws of the US.

### **ENTITY SELF-CERTIFICATION**

### GLOSSARY OF TERMS WE USE IN THIS FORM: (continued)

**Territory FI:** An FI incorporated or organised under the laws of any US territory.

Owner Documented FFI: An FFI that provides documents to a specific withholding agent who reports to the IRS or national tax authority on its behalf. You must qualify to be an owner-documented FFI, and if you choose this status, you'll need to complete and return a W8 form obtainable from the IRS website at www.irs/forms.

Other FI / Certified Deemed Compliant FFI: An FFI that doesn't have to register with the IRS. If you choose this status, you'll need to complete and return a W8 form obtainable from the IRS website at www.irs/forms.

**Reporting Model 1 FFI:** FFIs who report information on account holders to their local tax authority, which in turn provides the information to the IRS.

**Reporting Model 2 FFI:** FFIs who report information on account holders to the IRS directly, rather than through their local tax authority.

**Registered Deemed Compliant FFI:** An FFI that has registered with the IRS under FATCA.

**Participating FFI:** An FFI that has entered an agreement direct with the IRS to report information on account holders who are US tax residents.

**Trustee Documented Trust:** A trust set up under foreign laws (not US) that reports all information needed to be reported under an IGA to the local tax authority directly.

**Sponsored FFI:** An FFI which has a sponsoring entity that will act on its behalf and complete any necessary due diligence and reporting.

### **Terms in Section 4**

**Fiscally Transparent Entity (FTE):** An entity in which all income flows through to its owners, with tax imposed directly on the owners.

### **Terms in Section 5**

**Controlling Person:** A person who has 'control' over an entity includes any natural person who exercises effective control over the entity, such as the entity's directors, senior managing officials, substantial shareholders, or equivalent. Controlling persons could include:

- Companies: shareholders with more than 25% ownership interest and directors
- Partnerships: the partners
- Incorporated societies and associations: the chair, treasurer, and secretary
- Trusts: settlors, trustees, protectors, beneficiaries (or classes) regardless of whether they exercise control over the trust's activities. Where anyone is an entity, you may also need to identify the controlling persons of that entity.

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